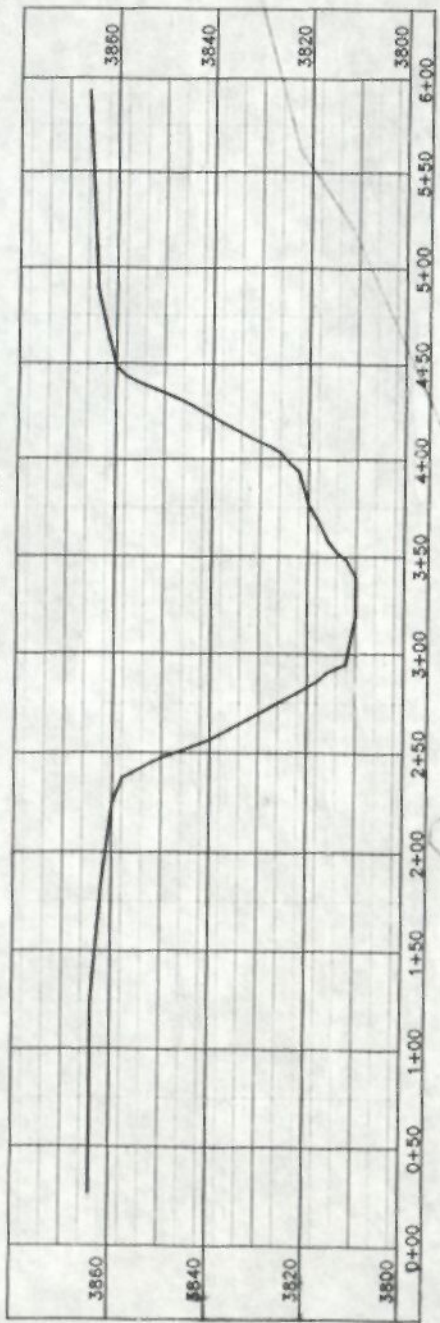
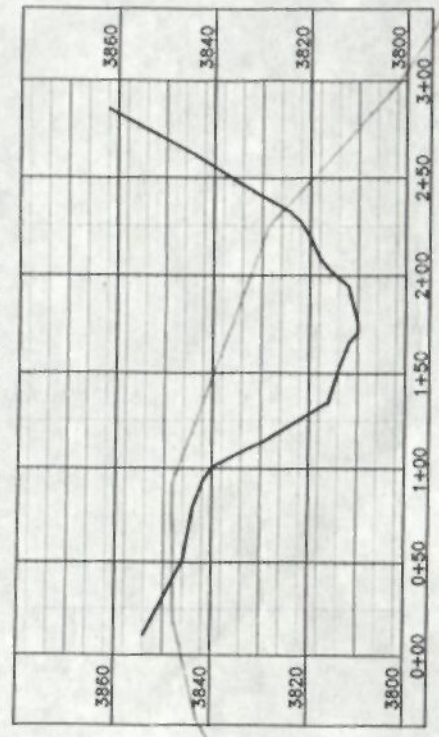


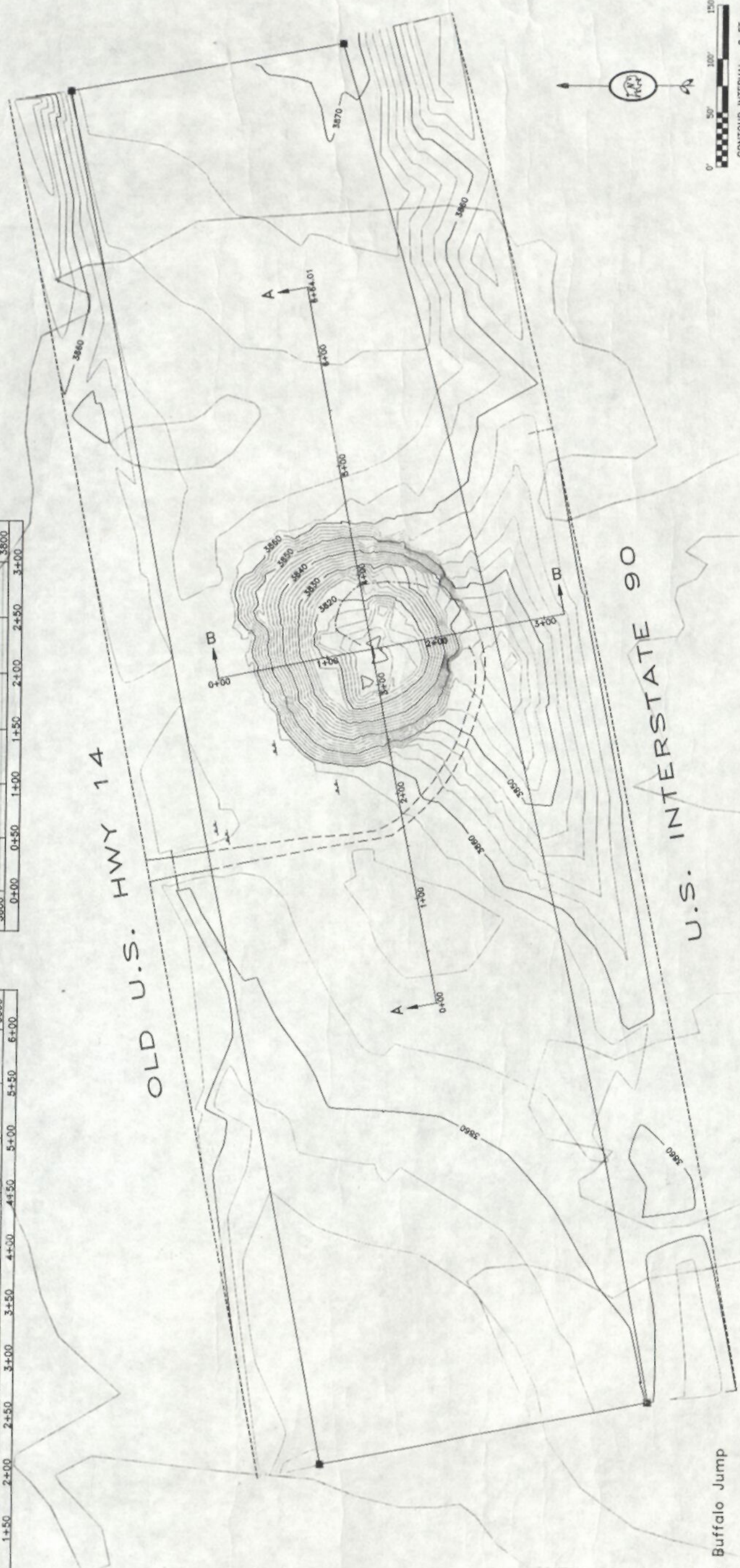
CROSS SECTION "A"



CROSS SECTION "B"



PROFILE SCALES
 HORIZONTAL
 1" = 50'
 VERTICAL
 1" = 20'



The Vore Buffalo Jump

The Vore Buffalo Jump is a natural "sinkhole" which was used by Native American groups to trap bison. As many as 20,000 of the animals were driven into the geologic feature and killed and butchered there during the 300 year period between 1500 and 1800 A.D. Six different Indian tribes may have used the site periodically to procure winter-meat supplies and other necessary materials derived from the bison. The period of use corresponds with the flowering of the Plains Indian culture as free-roaming hunters. The amount of bone and artifact material in the site, as well as the degree of its preservation and the precision with which it can be dated, make the Vore Buffalo Jump the most spectacular kill site of its kind in North America and one of the most outstanding archaeological sites in the world. The Buffalo Jump is located adjacent to Interstate Highway 90 in northeast Wyoming, about halfway between Sundance, WY and Spearfish, SD. The University of Wyoming in cooperation with the non-profit Vore Buffalo Jump Foundation is in the process of developing the site as a world-class educational and research center.

GENE GACE
 President, Vore Buffalo Jump Foundation, 1996

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SITE PLAN
VORE BUFFALO JUMP
 (preliminary)



Drawn By:	Scale:	Sheet No.:
Reviewed By:	Date:	OF